

# **Hybrid Transcription Factor Engineering Activates the Silent Secondary Metabolite Gene Cluster for (+)-Asperlin in *Aspergillus nidulans***

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## 1. SUPPLEMENTAL METHODS

### 1.1 Isolation of Secondary Metabolites

For scaling up to isolate compound **1**, 1 L of LMM (20 125-mL flasks were used containing 50 mL of medium each) inoculated with  $1.0 \times 10^9$  spores  $L^{-1}$  of *A. nidulans* strain LO4909 was incubated at 37°C with shaking at 180 rpm. For *alcA(p)* induction, 50mM of MEK was added to the culture(s) 42 h after inoculation. Culture medium were collected 72 h after induction by vacuum filtration. The culture medium partitioned with ethyl acetate (EtOAc; 1 L) after acidification by 1N HCl to pH = 3. The EtOAc layer was collected and evaporated *in vacuo* to yield compound **1** without further purification.

For scaling up to isolate compound **2**, 2 L of LMM (2 2-Liter flasks were used containing 1 L of medium each) inoculated with  $1.0 \times 10^9$  spores  $L^{-1}$  of *A. nidulans* strain LO9721 was incubated at 37°C with shaking at 180 rpm. For *alcA(p)* induction, 50 mM of MEK was added to the culture(s) 42 h after inoculation. Culture medium and hyphae were collected 72 h after induction by vacuum filtration. The culture medium partitioned with ethyl acetate (EtOAc; 2 L), and the EtOAc layer was evaporated *in vacuo* (crude extract 184.7 mg). Thin Layer Chromatography was carried out (Merck TLC Silica Gel 60 RP-C<sub>18</sub> F<sub>254S</sub> glass plates 20 x 20 cm) on the crude extract, with the correct compound identified by UV visualization. A razor blade was used to scrape the silica containing the product off the plate. The silica was placed in a fritted funnel and flushed with EtOAc. The filtrate was collected and the solvent was removed *in vacuo* resulting in the isolation of (**2**) (114.4 mg).

## 1.2 Detailed Structural Characterization

Compound **1** was isolated as a white amorphous powder. The molecular formula was found to be C<sub>8</sub>H<sub>10</sub>O<sub>2</sub> by its <sup>1</sup>H NMR, <sup>13</sup>C NMR (Figures S7-S9) and HRESIMS spectral data (Figure S6), representing four indices of hydrogen deficiency (IHD). The <sup>1</sup>H and <sup>13</sup>C NMR in CDCl<sub>3</sub> exhibited signals for three disubstituted olefins [δ<sub>H</sub> 5.67, 5.97, 6.37, 6.62, 7.15, and 7.18 (each 1H); δ<sub>C</sub> 116.0, 122.0, 126.0, 136.1, 138.7, 141.0], one carboxylic acid [δ<sub>H</sub> 10.87 (1H, br s); δ<sub>C</sub> 172.3], and one methyl group [1.85 (3H, br d, *J* = 6.8 Hz)]. This together with the molecular formula of **1** indicated that **1** is a linear trienoic acid. 2D NMR correlations (<sup>1</sup>H-<sup>1</sup>H COSY, gHMQC and gHMBC) also support the structure (data not shown). The double bond configurations were determined to be 2*Z*, 4*Z*, and 6*E* based on the coupling constants of H-2 and H-3 (*J* = 11.3 Hz), H-3 and H-4 (*J* = 11.1 Hz), and H-4 and H-5 (*J* = 14.6 Hz). Therefore, compound **1** was assigned as (2*Z*,4*Z*,6*E*)-octa-2,4,6-trienoic acid.

Compound **2** was isolated as a colorless oil. The molecular formula was found to be C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>14</sub>O<sub>6</sub> from HRESIMS (Figure S6) and both <sup>1</sup>H and <sup>13</sup>C NMR data (Figures S7, and S10-S11), indicating **2** has four IHD. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of **2** exhibited one olefin (δ<sub>C</sub> 124.8 and 140.5) and two ester or carboxylic acid carbonyl carbons (δ<sub>C</sub> 161.46 and 169.70) in the down-field region. <sup>1</sup>H, <sup>13</sup>C, gHSQC NMR spectra indicated compound **2** contains two methyl [δ<sub>H</sub> 1.36 (3H, d, *J* = 5.2 Hz), δ<sub>C</sub> 17.0 (q) and δ<sub>H</sub> 2.11 (3H, s), δ<sub>C</sub> 20.5 (q)] and four oxymethine groups [δ<sub>H</sub> 3.03 (1H, dd, *J* = 7.0, 2.1 Hz), δ<sub>C</sub> 54.9 (d); δ<sub>H</sub> 3.06 (1H, dq, *J* = 5.2, 2.1 Hz), δ<sub>C</sub> 54.5 (d); δ<sub>H</sub> 4.09 (1H, dd, *J* = 7.2, 2.8 Hz), δ<sub>C</sub> 78.8 (d); and δ<sub>H</sub> 5.29 (1H, dd, *J* = 5.7, 2.8 Hz), δ<sub>C</sub> 62.1 (d)]. Because compound **2** has four IHD but only contains one olefin and two ester or carboxylic acid carbonyl carbons, **2** must contain a cyclic ether or an epoxide moiety. This, together with the fact that two

oxymethylene groups ( $\delta_{\text{H}}$  3.03,  $\delta_{\text{C}}$  54.8 and  $\delta_{\text{H}}$  3.06,  $\delta_{\text{C}}$  54.5) coupling to each other has a relatively high field chemical shift, indicated that **2** has an epoxide functional group. HSQC and long-range HMBC correlations allowed full assignment of the structure (Figure S7). Comparison of  $^1\text{H}$  and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR data of **2** with (+)-Asperlin in the literature<sup>1</sup> confirmed the identity of compound **2**.

#### References:

1. Argoudelis, A. D.; Zieserl, J. F. The Structure of U-13,933, a New Antibiotic. *Tetrahedron Lett.* **1966**, 7 (18), 1969–1973.

## 2. FIGURES

**Figure S1.** Correct coding sequence for *afoA* and corresponding amino acid sequence of its protein product (AfoA). Intron sequences are shown in red.

```

M A C P T R R G R Q Q P G F A C E
ATGGCGTGTCCACCAAGACGAGGACGACAGCAGCCGGCTTTGCATGCGA
1 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 50

E C R R R K A R C D R V R P K C G
GGAGTGTGCGCCGCCGCAAAGCGCGCTGTGA TCGCGTGCCTCGAAATGCG
51 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 100

F C T E N E L Q C V F V D K R Q
GGTTCTGCAC TGAGAACATGAGCTGCAGTGTG TGTCGTTGA CAAGAGGCAG
101 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 150

Q R G P I K G Q I T S M Q S Q L A
CAGAGGGGTC CGATCAAAGG GCAGATCACCTCGATGCAGTCAGT CGCAGCTGGG
151 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 200

TAGGTGTTTG TCTTGTCTCA TTGTATCTCG TCTCGTCTGC GCTTTGTGA
201 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 250

TTATGGGGCT GCCATGTTTC CGGTCCGGAC ACAGGCATCT GCAAGGCCG
251 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 300

CCGCTGTGCT CCCCGATCT GCAGGGACCA ATGCAGCTGG TTCTGGAGCT
301 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 350

TGTGCTGTGC TGCTTCCCTG TCTTCCACA TGGTCGAGTC GAGCGAGCTA
351 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 400

T L R W Q L D
GCTAACATGG GATGCCCAT GCTTCAGCA ACGCTTCGAT GGCAGCTTGA
401 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 450

R Y L R H R P P P S I T M A G E L
TCGATAACCTG CGACATCGAC CTCCCCCGTC CATAACCATG GCCGGCGAGC
451 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 500

D E P P A D I Q T M L D D F D V
TCGATGAGCC ACCAGCGGAT ATCCAGACGA TGCTGGATGA CTTTGATGTA
501 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 550

Q V A A L K Q D A T A T T T M S T
CAGGTCGCCG CGCTGAAGCA GGATGCCACG GCAACCACCA CAATGTCGAC
551 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 600

S T A L M P A P A I S S K D A A P
GTCGACAGCT CTCATGCCTG CCCCAGCCAT CTCATCTAAA GATGCTGCTC
601 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 650

A G A G L S W P D P T W L D R Q
CTGCTGGTGC TGGTTATCG TGGCCTGACC CAACCTGGCT GGATCGCCAG
651 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 700

```

W Q D V S S T S L V P P S D L T V  
 TGGCAGGATG TCAGCAGTAC CAGCCTCGTC CCTCCATCAG ACCTGACAGT  
 701 -----+ -----+ -----+ -----+ -----+ 750

S S A T T L T D P L S F D L L N E  
 CTCGTCGGCC ACTACCCTAA CCGACCCCTCT CAGCTTCGAC CTTTTGAACG  
 751 -----+ -----+ -----+ -----+ -----+ 800

T P P P S T T T T T S T T R R  
 AGACTCCTCC TCCTCCTTCT ACGACGACAA CAACGTCGAC GACGAGGCAGA  
 801 -----+ -----+ -----+ -----+ -----+ 850

D S C T K V M L T D L I R A E L  
 GACTCATGTAA CTAAGGTAT GTTAAC TGAC CTCATCCGGG CTGAATT**GTA**  
 851 -----+ -----+ -----+ -----+ -----+ 900

**CACTACCTAA CTGATTTGTC TACCATGACA CCTGACTGAC AATGTGCAGA**  
 901 -----+ -----+ -----+ -----+ -----+ 950

D Q L Y F D R V H A F C P I I H R  
 GACCAA CTCT ACTTCGACCG GGTCCACGCC TTCTGCCCA TCATCCACCG  
 951 -----+ -----+ -----+ -----+ -----+ 1000

R R Y F A R V A R D S H T P A Q A  
 GCGACGGTAC TTTGCGCGGG TCGCCCGAGA TAGCCATACC CCAGCACAGG  
 1001 -----+ -----+ -----+ -----+ -----+ 1050

C L Q F A M R T L A A A M S A H  
 CATGTCTGCA GTTCGCCATG CGAACGCTCG CAGGGCAAT GTCTGCTCAC  
 1051 -----+ -----+ -----+ -----+ -----+ 1100

C H L S E H L Y A E T K A L L E T  
 TGCCATCTTA GCGAGCATCT CTATGCCGAG ACCAAGGCCCT TCTTGGAGAC  
 1101 -----+ -----+ -----+ -----+ -----+ 1150

H S Q T P A T P R D K V P L E H I  
 GCACAGCCAG ACGCCCGCCA CACCGCGAGA CAAGGTCCCG CTCGAGCACA  
 1151 -----+ -----+ -----+ -----+ -----+ 1200

Q A W L L L S H Y E L L R I G V  
 TCCAGGCCTG GCTGTTGTTA AGCCACTACG AGCTGCTGCG GATCGGCGTG  
 1201 -----+ -----+ -----+ -----+ -----+ 1250

H Q A M L T A G R A F R L V Q M A  
 CACCAGGCTA TGCTCACGGC TGGCCGGGCC TTTCGTCTCG TGCAGATGGC  
 1251 -----+ -----+ -----+ -----+ -----+ 1300

R L S E L D A G S D R Q L S P P S  
 ACGACTGTCA GAGCTGGATG CCGGGTCAGA TCGACAGCTC TCGCCGCCGT  
 1301 -----+ -----+ -----+ -----+ -----+ 1350

S S P P S S L T L S P S G E N A  
 CTTCGTCGCC GCCGTCTTCG CTAACCCTAT CTCCCTCGGG GGAGAATGCT  
 1351 -----+ -----+ -----+ -----+ -----+ 1400

E N F V D A E E G R R T F W L A Y  
 GAGAACCTCG TCGACGCCGA AGAAGGCCGG CGGACGTTCT GGCTTGCTTA  
 1401 -----+ -----+ -----+ -----+ -----+ 1450

C F D R L L C L Q N E W P L T L Q  
 TTGCTTTGAT CGTTTGCTT GCTTGCAGAA TGAGTGGCCG TTAACGTTAC  
 1451 -----+ -----+ -----+ -----+ -----+ 1500

E E M  
 AAGAAGAGAT GGTACGTCGC GCTTCTTTA TTCTATTTAC CTCAGAATT  
 1501 -----+ -----+ -----+ -----+ -----+ 1550

I L T R L P  
 ATATTCAGTT ATTTTTATT CTAACCCTGC TAGATATTAA CCCGCCTCCC  
 1551 -----+ -----+ -----+ -----+ -----+ 1600

S L E H N Y Q N N L P A R T P F L  
 CTCCCTCGAA CACAACCTACC AGAACAACTCT CCCCCCACGC ACGCCCTTTC  
 1601 -----+ -----+ -----+ -----+ -----+ 1650

T E A M A Q T G Q S T M S P F A  
 TCACTGAAGC CATGGCCAG ACCGGGCAGA GCACAATGTC CCCGTTGCC  
 1651 -----+ -----+ -----+ -----+ -----+ 1700

E C I I M A T L H G R C M T H R R  
 GAATGCATTA TCATGCCAC CCTTCACGGC CGATGTATGA CGCACCGCCG  
 1701 -----+ -----+ -----+ -----+ -----+ 1750

F Y A N S N S T A S G S E F E S G  
 CTTCTACGCA AACAGCAACT CGACTGCGTC CGGCTCCGAG TTCGAGTCTG  
 1751 -----+ -----+ -----+ -----+ -----+ 1800

A A T R D F C I R Q N W L S N A  
 GCGCCGCGAC GCGAGACTTC TGTATCCGCC AGAATTGGCT GTCGAATGCA  
 1801 -----+ -----+ -----+ -----+ -----+ 1850

V D R R V Q M L Q Q V S S P A V D  
 GTGGACCGGC GAGTCCAGAT GCTACAGCAG GTCTCCTCGC CCGCTGTTGA  
 1851 -----+ -----+ -----+ -----+ -----+ 1900

S D P M L L F T Q T L G Y R A T M  
 CAGCGACCCG ATGCTGCTCT TCACGCAGAC GCTGGCTAC CGCGCGACCA  
 1901 -----+ -----+ -----+ -----+ -----+ 1950

H L S D T V Q Q V S W R A L A S  
 TGCACCTGAG CGATACCGTC CAGCAAGTCT CCTGGCGGGC TCTCGCCAGC  
 1951 -----+ -----+ -----+ -----+ -----+ 2000

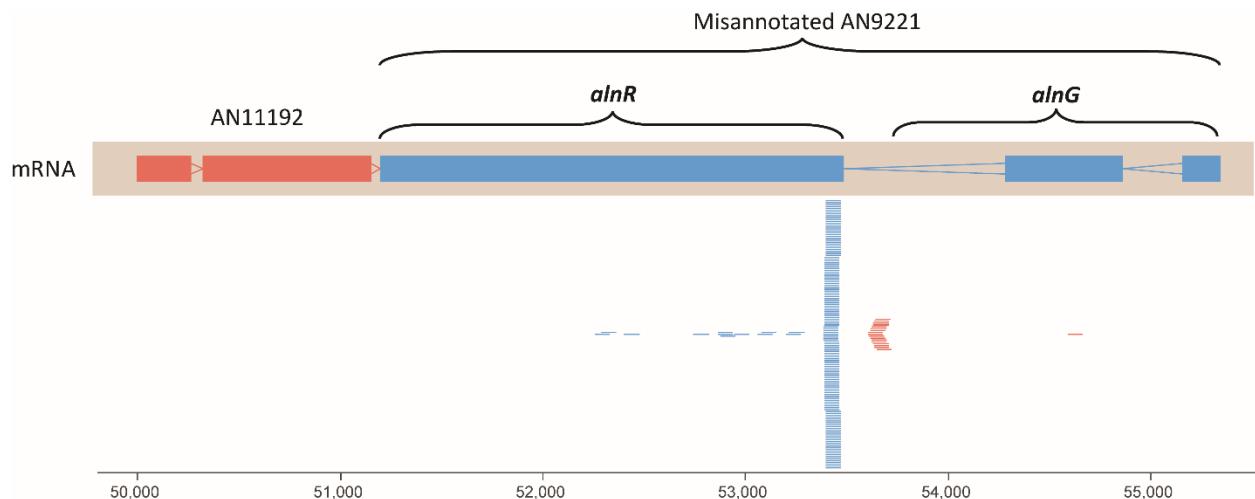
S P V D Q Q L L S P G A T M S L S  
 TCGCCCGTTG ACCAGCAGCT ACTGAGCCCG GGCAGCGACGA TGTCGCTGTC  
 2001 -----+ -----+ -----+ -----+ -----+ 2050

A A A Y H Q M A S H A A G E I V R  
 GCCCGCCGCG TACCAACCAGA TGGCCAGCCA CGCAGCCGGC GAGATCGTCC  
 2051 -----+ -----+ -----+ -----+ -----+ 2100

L A K A V P S L S P F K A H P F GCCTGGCGAA GGCCGTCCCC TCGCTGAGTC CGTTCAAGGC GCACCCGTT 2101 -----+ -----+ -----+ -----+ -----+ 2150
L P D T L A C A A T F L S T G S P CTACCCGATA CGTTGGCGTG CGCCGCCACG TTCCCTCTCGA CGGGCAGTCC 2151 -----+ -----+ -----+ -----+ -----+ 2200
D P T G G E G V Q H L L R V L S E CGATCCCACG GGCAGCGAGG GGGTGCAGCA TCTGCTACGA GTGTTAACGCG 2201 -----+ -----+ -----+ -----+ -----+ 2250
L R D T H S L A R D Y L Q G L S AGCTGCGCGA TACACACAGC CTGGCGCGGG ATTATTTGCA GGGGTTGTCG 2251 -----+ -----+ -----+ -----+ -----+ 2300
V Q T Q D E D H R Q D T R W Y C T GTGCAGACGC AGGACGAAGA TCATAGACAG GATACGAGGT GGTATTGTAC 2301 -----+ -----+ -----+ -----+ -----+ 2350
ATAG 2351 ---- 2354 TATC

**Figure S2.** Corrected annotation of AN11200. Intron is shown in red.

```
ATGTTCTCAA GTACCCGGCG GGTAAGTAAC TCTTCCATC ATCTGGCCA TCTTCTTTT TTTTTGTTT TCAATTGTAA  
GCCTCGACT AACGACGCC GGCACCTAG CAGAAGGCC CTGTGCAACC GAACTGACGC AGGTATCATC GCTGCTACCT  
CCGCGCGGGC CATAcgAGTT CAGCCTCTG CCAACACTCA CTCGACCGTT AGAGGACCTC TCGAAATGCA TCGAAGGTGC  
GAGACAGACC TCTGCGACTG CAAATGGTTA CAGCCCCACA GGGCTCGTCC CGCTAGCGGA TTGATTCTG GAAATCTGTC  
AGGCTGCTTG TACAGCTTAT GGTCTTGTG ACGGTGCTAT TGCTGCAGGT GTGGGTACAG GAAGCAGTGA TAATAGCCCT  
ACTGCCACAG GAATAGGAGC AGCAGGACTT ACAGGAGACC GCCCTCCTC TTCCGGCGCA TCGACCTGGC GCTGTGTAAA  
AACCCCCATG ACGCTGGGAT CGCTTACGCT ACAGAATGAA GAAGAGTCGC TGCTCGCAAG GCAGATCGTG TACGCCGTGT  
TGACAAGCTT GAGCGCATT A CTGCGAGAAG TTTATGTTG AGAGAAGGAC GTTGTTCAG AGACTGATGT GGTGGGGAA  
GGAGGGTAG GAGCTGGAGC GGCACGTGAT GGGCTGAAAG GGGCTGGAGC CGTTAGTCAG TGTCTCTCGA GGTTTTAGC  
GCTCTGGGA AAGATAGTAC CTGAGTGA
```



**Figure S3.** CAGE RNA-seq data showing the transcription start site for *alnR*. The AspGD gene models for AN11192 and AN9221 are shown. Blue genes are transcribed right to left and orange genes are transcribed left to right. In CAGE RNA-seq the 5' cap structures of mRNAs are captured and used for library construction. Sequencing of the library reveals transcription start sites. The CAGE RNA-seq library used in the current study was made from a mixture of mRNAs from two sources, wild-type hyphae cultured for one day at 37°C in liquid glucose minimal medium and hyphae carrying a deletion of the *mcrA* gene grown for four days at 37°C in liquid glucose minimal medium. Deletion of *mcrA* upregulates many genes including secondary metabolism genes.<sup>2</sup> Deletion of *mcrA* did not upregulate the (+)-asperlin cluster but there were enough reads in the region of the gene annotated as AN9221 to allow us to determine the transcription start site. The CAGE RNA-seq reads are shown as blue or orange lines below the gene models. The great majority of the reads in AN9221 map to the beginning of what was annotated as the third exon. This result indicates that the third exon is a separate transcription unit (i.e. gene). These and additional RNA-seq data reveal that AN9221 is actually two genes that we are now designating *alnR* and *alnG*.

#### Reference:

2. Oakley, C. E., M. Ahuja, W. W. Sun, R. Entwistle, T. Akashi, J. Yaegashi, C. J. Guo, G. C. Cerqueira, J. R. Wortman, C. C. Wang, Y. M. Chiang, and B. R. Oakley. 2017. Discovery of McrA, a master regulator of *Aspergillus* secondary metabolism. Mol Microbiol **103**:347-365.

**Figure S4.** Coding sequence of *alnR* along with predicted amino acid sequence. The position of the Zn(II)2Cys6 zinc binuclear cluster DNA-binding domain is underlined with the cysteine residues in bold.

M	S	T	V	N	Q	S	S	T	R	S	E	L	A	G	N	W
1	ATGAGCACGG	TGAACCAATC	TTCCACCGGT	TCAGAGCTAG	CCGGTAACTG											50
E	R	L	R	K	S	<b>C</b>	D	T	<b>C</b>	Q	E	A	K	V	K	<b>C</b>
51	GGAACGCCTG	CGCAAGTCCT	GCGATAACCTG	TCAGGAGGCC	AAGGTCAAAT											100
S	Q	H	K	P	S	<b>C</b>	H	R	<b>C</b>	L	R	H	R	Q	P	
101	GCAGTCAACA	CAAGCCGTCC	TGCCACCGAT	GCCTTCGACA	TCGTCAGCCC											150
<b>C</b>	V	Y	S	P	Q	R	R	S	G	R	P	P	K	R	P	S
151	TGCGTCTACA	GCCCCGCAACG	TCGGTCGGGA	CGTCCTCCCA	AGAGGCCAG											200
P	S	S	R	L	G	P	E	S	N	N	S	G	D	D	I	H
201	TCCCTCCAGT	CGCTTAGGAC	CTGAATCAA	CAATTCCGGA	GATGACATTC											250
N	E	N	T	I	Q	R	T	N	L	N	A	N	D	S	A	
251	ACAATGAAAA	CACCATACAG	CGAACGAATC	TAAATGCCAA	TGACTCTGCC											300
M	T	D	A	G	A	V	D	P	R	V	L	T	G	D	F	A
301	ATGACTGACG	CCGGGGCAGT	CGATCCCCGG	GTGCTAACCG	GCGACTTCGC											350
A	S	T	G	I	D	P	V	D	D	I	F	Q	T	S	F	E
351	CGCAAGTACT	GGCATAGATC	CTGTCGACGA	TATCTTCAA	ACATCCTTTG											400
S	F	L	A	A	S	L	S	P	K	G	G	L	L	P	G	
401	AATCCTTCCT	CGCAGCCTCA	TTGTCTCCTA	AAGGTGGACT	CCTGCCAGGA											450
S	H	S	N	P	T	T	P	N	G	F	S	M	N	S	P	S
451	TCTCATAGCA	ATCCAACCAC	ACCCAACGGC	TTCTCGATGA	ATTGCCCTC											500
I	T	D	P	F	G	A	F	P	F	L	I	T	D	H	N	L
501	CATCACTGAT	CCATTGGCG	CCTTCCGTT	TCTCATAACG	GACCACAACT											550
P	I	A	A	L	S	S	H	V	P	P	I	D	Q	L	P	
551	TGCCTATCGC	CGCGCTCTCA	TCGCATGTT	CTCCAATTGA	TCAGCTACCC											600
V	L	S	T	G	A	S	N	T	S	S	E	C	G	D	C	G
601	GTACTAAGCA	CCGGAGCCTC	AAATACAAGC	AGCGAGTGCG	GCGACTGCAG											650
A	K	C	Y	S	S	L	L	Q	H	L	L	F	L	R	Q	T
651	TGCGAAGTGC	TACAGCTCAC	TATTACAGCA	CCTTTGTT	CTCCGCCAGA											700
L	P	E	S	T	R	P	S	I	D	V	I	M	Q	A	E	
701	CGCTCCCCGA	GTCCACCAGG	CCATCAATAG	ACGTGATAAT	GCAGGCTGAG											750
G	H	V	R	A	L	L	D	R	V	L	G	C	N	A	C	L
751	GGCCATGTGC	GTGCTTTACT	TGATCGGGTA	TTAGGCTGCA	ACGCATGCCT											800
G	N	R	S	S	I	L	L	I	S	A	I	T	E	R	I	V
801	TGGCAATCGG	TCGTCTATCC	TGCTCATATC	AGCGATAACA	GAGCGCATAG											850

Q M L D W I I E E K T L L D T E  
851 TCCAGATGTT AGACTGGATC ATCGAGGAGA AGACTCTTT GGATACCGAG 900

N M R Y N R R T F S S W G R P P R  
901 AATATGCGTT ACAACCGACG AACGTTTAGT TCATGGGGTC GCCCTCCCCG 950

L P P H G L N G M R R N V C H V S  
951 GTTACCACCT CATGGCCTTA ATGGTATGCG GAGGAACGTC TGCCACGTTT 1000

L R V G N T E L D E D A K Q Y F  
1001 CACTTCGCGT GGGTAATACT GAATTGGATG AGGACGCCAA ACAGTATTTC 1050

L K N F I L L R L K K L A V K V Q  
1051 CTTAAGAATT TCATTTGCT TCGACTAAAG AAACTCGCAG TTAAGGTGCA 1100

E V R R T A T T R P G D C I Y R A  
1101 GGAAAGTGCAG CGGACAGCTA CCACCCGTCC TGGCGATTGC ATATAACCGCG 1150

A E L V L A D S I Q R L D Y L R  
1151 CTGCGGAATT GGTGCTGGCG GATTCGATTC AACGACTGGA TTATCTTCGT 1200

G Q C Q L W E \*

1201 GGCCAGTGTC AGTTATGGGA GTGA 1224

**Figure S5.** Coding sequence of *alnG* and amino acid sequence of its predicted product. The intron is shown in red.

M	T	R	Q	I	P	L	L	A	L	S	W	L	E	L	I	F
1	ATGACGCGGC	AAATCCCGCT	CCTAGCGCTA	TCGTGGCTTG	AATTGATT	TTT		50								
F	S	C	Y	Y	G	G	L	A	G	L	G	Y	H	S	L	W
51	CTTCAGCTGC	TACTACGGCG	GACTAGCGGG	ACTGGGATAC	CATTCCCTCT			100								
R	I	A	L	R	R	R	N	V	A	P	A	I	K	S	V	
101	GGAGGATTGC	ACTTCGCCGA	AGGAATGTGG	CACCCGCTAT	CAAGTCTGTT			150								
L	Q	T	G	R	F	A	D	G	T	P	L	T	R	R	Y	T
151	CTGCAGACTG	GGCGCTTGC	GGATGGAACG	CCCCTAACGC	GCCGGTATAC			200								
N	L	E	F	L	D	K	K	L	V	P	A	V	I	F	Y	D
201	TAACTTGGAA	TTTTGGATA	AGAAATTGGT	TCCTGCGGT	ATCTTCTACG			250								
G	L	L	T	G	A	C	P	L	Y	R	L	L	L	V	D	
251	ACGGATTGTT	GACTGGAGCA	TGCCCACTTT	ATCGCTTGT	ACTGGTGGAC			300								
I	H	S	T	M	Q	A	M	A	L	C	M	L	V	S	T	R
301	ATCCATTGCGA	CCATGCAAGC	GATGGCACTC	TGCATGCTTG	TCAGCACCCAG			350								
S	K	S	L	S	T	I	S	L	L							
351	ATCCAAGTCG	TTATCGACTA	TATCTTGCT	GTGAGTCGGG	TCCTTCTGCC			400								
										L	P	T				
401	TTTGAGTATA	ACGAAGCTCT	AATAATCTAC	CGAGGGACAG	CTTGCCAACT			450								
F	W	N	V	F	N	Q	F	Y	G	A	A	F	V	Y	P	L
451	TTTTGGAATG	TCTTCAACCA	GTTTACGGT	GCTGCCCTCG	TCTACCCCCCT			500								
Y	L	L	L	E	A	V	T	T	G	F	N	P	L	Y	P	V
501	CTACCTCTTA	TTAGAGGCAG	TAACGACTGG	CTTTAACCCCT	CTGTATCCGG			550								
E	T	E	T	S	R	S	A	L	L	V	S	A	M	I	G	
551	TCGAGACCGA	GACATCTCGT	TCTGCGTTAC	TGGTGAGCGC	TATGATCGGC			600								
S	F	L	P	F	T	F	L	W	P	A	F	L	R	S	G	T
601	TCTTTTTAC	CGTTCACCTT	TCTCTGGCCA	GCTTTCTTC	GGTCTGGCAC			650								
E	S	R	Q	R	A	I	A	L	Y	R	F	A	P	V	V	F
651	GGAGAGCCGA	CAACGTGCTA	TTGCATTATA	CCGATTGCT	CCGGTAGTGT			700								
S	L	L	Q	I	V	G	E	K	V	L	G	A	Q	M	I	
701	TCTCACTTCT	GCAGATTGTT	GGAGAGAAGG	TGCTGGCGC	GCAGATGATC			750								
P	Q	P	T	S	Q	A	S	P	Y	L	V	A	G	C	A	A
751	CCTCAGCCAA	CTTCTCAGGC	TAGCCCTTAT	TTGGTTGCCG	GCTGCGCTGC			800								
T	V	G	H	W	Y	A	L	G	G	A	L	G	L	A	M	R
801	CACAGTGGGG	CATTGGTACG	CTCTTGGGGG	AGCTTTAGGT	CTCGCCATGC			850								
L	S	H	R	K	G	R	L	G	A	L	T	L	V	L	K	
851	GGCTGTCTCA	CAGAAAGGGC	CGCTTGGGGG	CTCTCACCTT	AGTCCTCAA			900								

R L Y L P R S A E E T T R L D A S  
901 CGGCTTTATC TGCGCTCGCTC GGCTGAAGAA ACTACTCGCT TGGACGCCTC 950

V L A R A A H E F L Q Y D V L V L  
951 TGTACTCGCT CGCGCAGCGC ACGAATTCT GCAATACGAT GTCCTCGTGC 1000

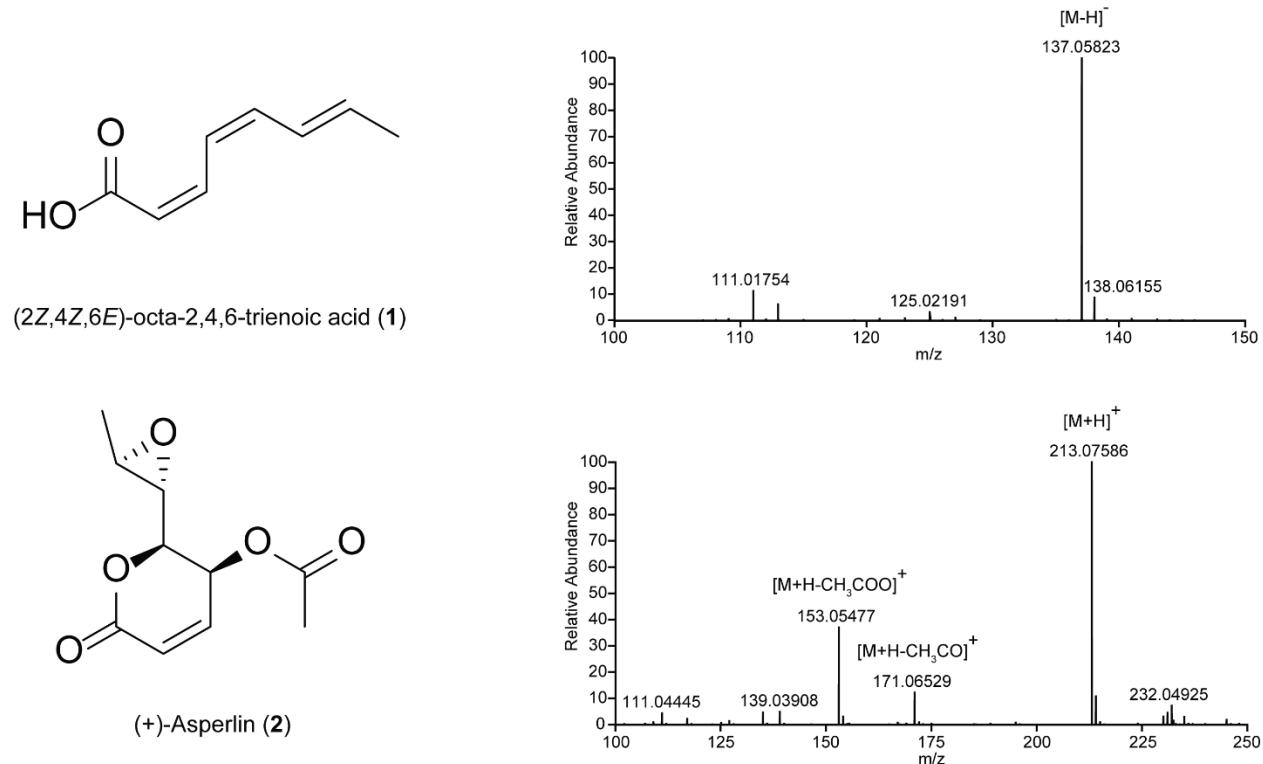
I A A Y I P Y A Y Y L L A P L N  
1001 TCATTGCAGC TTATATTCCG TACGCATACT ATCTGCTCGC GCCCCTCAAT 1050

L A S P F A M V V S L V L G T I F  
1051 CTGGCATCGC CCTTTGCGAT GGTTGTGTCC CTTGTACTTG GCACCATT 1100

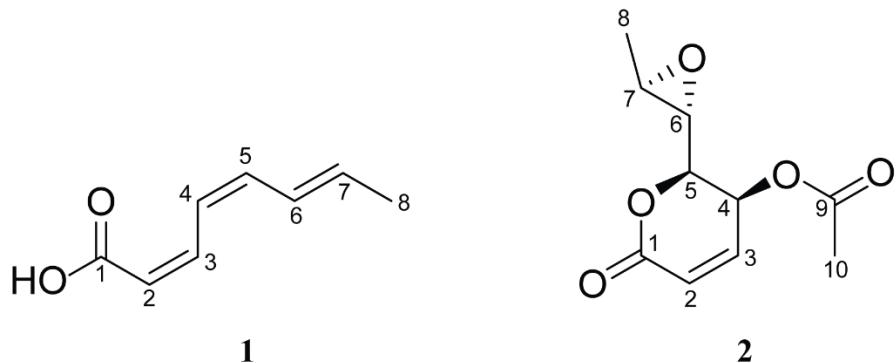
L G P G A V L A F A Y R V R W H L  
1101 TTTAGGGCCG GGGGCGGTTC TGGCTTCGC GTACCGGGTT CGCTGGCATC 1150

A I S D \*  
1151 TAGCTATCTC AGATTAG 1167

**Figure S6.** HRESIMS spectra of (*2Z, 4Z, 6E*)-octa-2,4,6-trienoic acid (**1**) (negative mode) and (+)-asperlin (**2**) (positive mode).

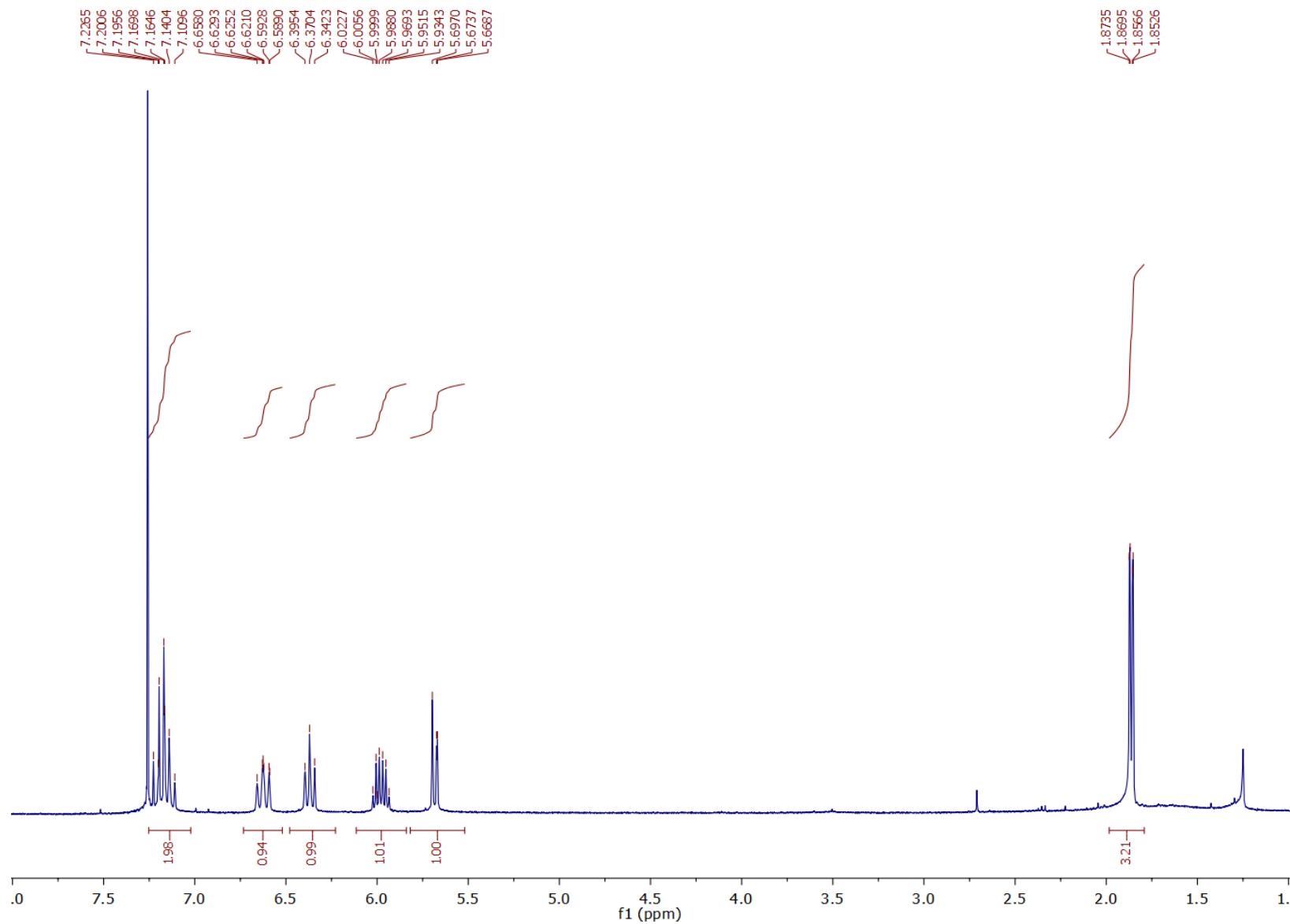


**Figure S7.** (2Z,4Z,6E)-octa-2,4,6-trienoic acid (**1**) and (+)-asperlin (**2**)  $^1\text{H}$  and  $^{13}\text{C}$  assignments.

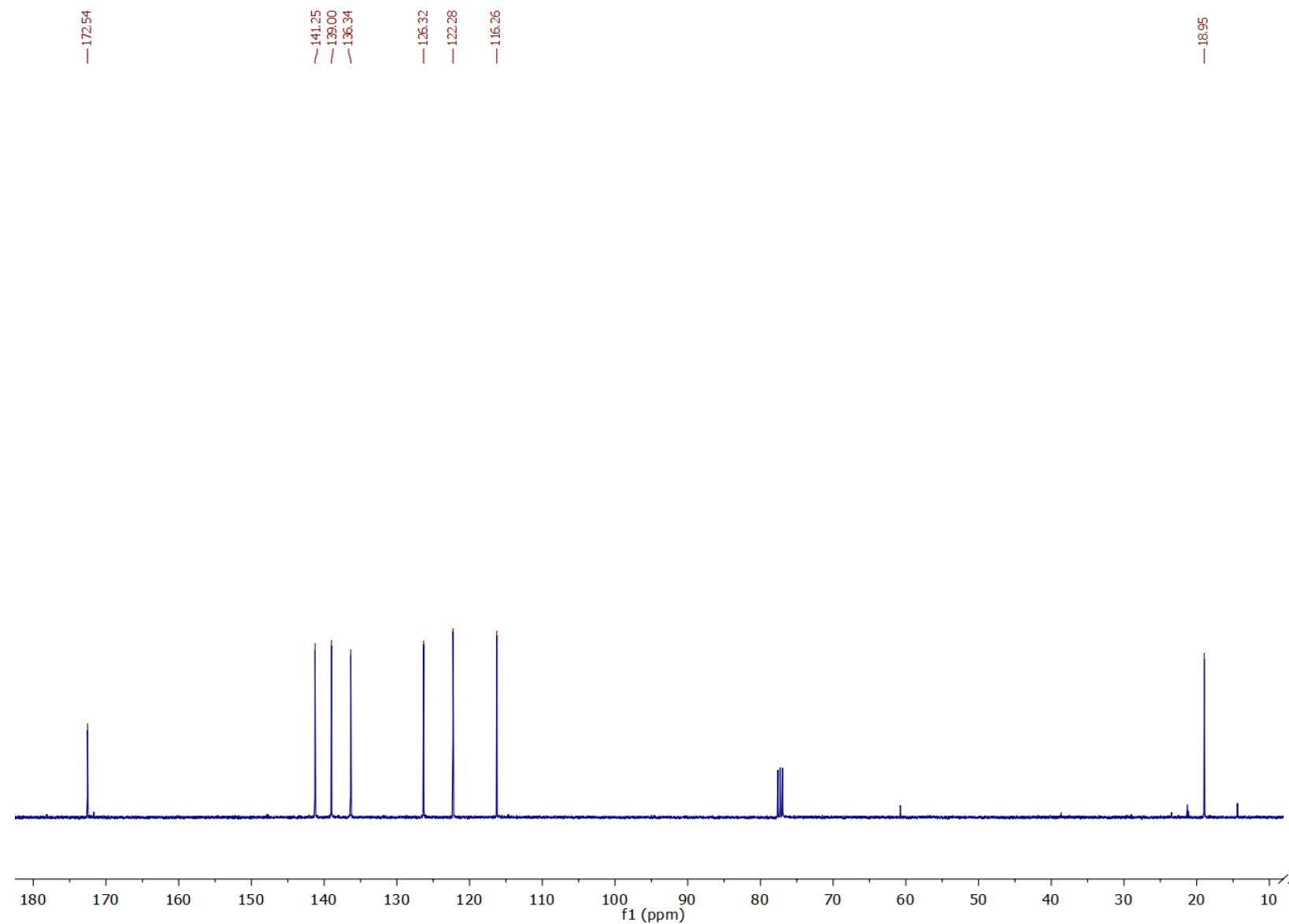


Position	(2Z,4Z,6E)-octa-2,4,6-trienoic acid ( <b>1</b> )		(+)-Asperlin (4S,5R,6S,7R) ( <b>2</b> )	
	$\delta_{\text{C}}$ , type	$\delta_{\text{H}}$ , ( $J$ in Hz)	$\delta_{\text{C}}$ , type	$\delta_{\text{H}}$ , ( $J$ in Hz)
1	172.3, C	—	161.5, C	—
2	116.0, CH	5.67 (1H, d, 11.3)	124.9, CH	6.18 (1H, d, 9.6)
3	141.0, CH	7.18 (1H, dd, 11.3, 10.5)	140.4, CH	7.04 (1H, dd, 9.6, 5.6)
4	126.0, CH	7.15 (1H, dd, 11.1, 10.5)	62.1, CH	5.29 (1H, dd, 5.7, 2.8)
5	138.7, CH	6.36 (1H, dd, 11.1, 10.5)	78.9, CH	4.09 (1H, dd, 7.2, 2.8)
6	122.0, CH	6.62 (1H, dd, 14.6, 10.5)	54.9, CH	3.03 (1H, dd, 7.0, 2.1)
7	136.1, CH	5.97 (1H, dq, 14.6, 6.8)	54.5, CH	3.06 (1H, qd, 5.2, 2.1)
8	18.7, CH <sub>3</sub>	1.85 (3H, br d, 6.8)	17.0, CH <sub>3</sub>	1.36 (3H, d, 5.2)
9			169.3 C	—
10			20.5, CH <sub>3</sub>	2.11 (3H, s)
COOH		10.87 (1H, br s)		

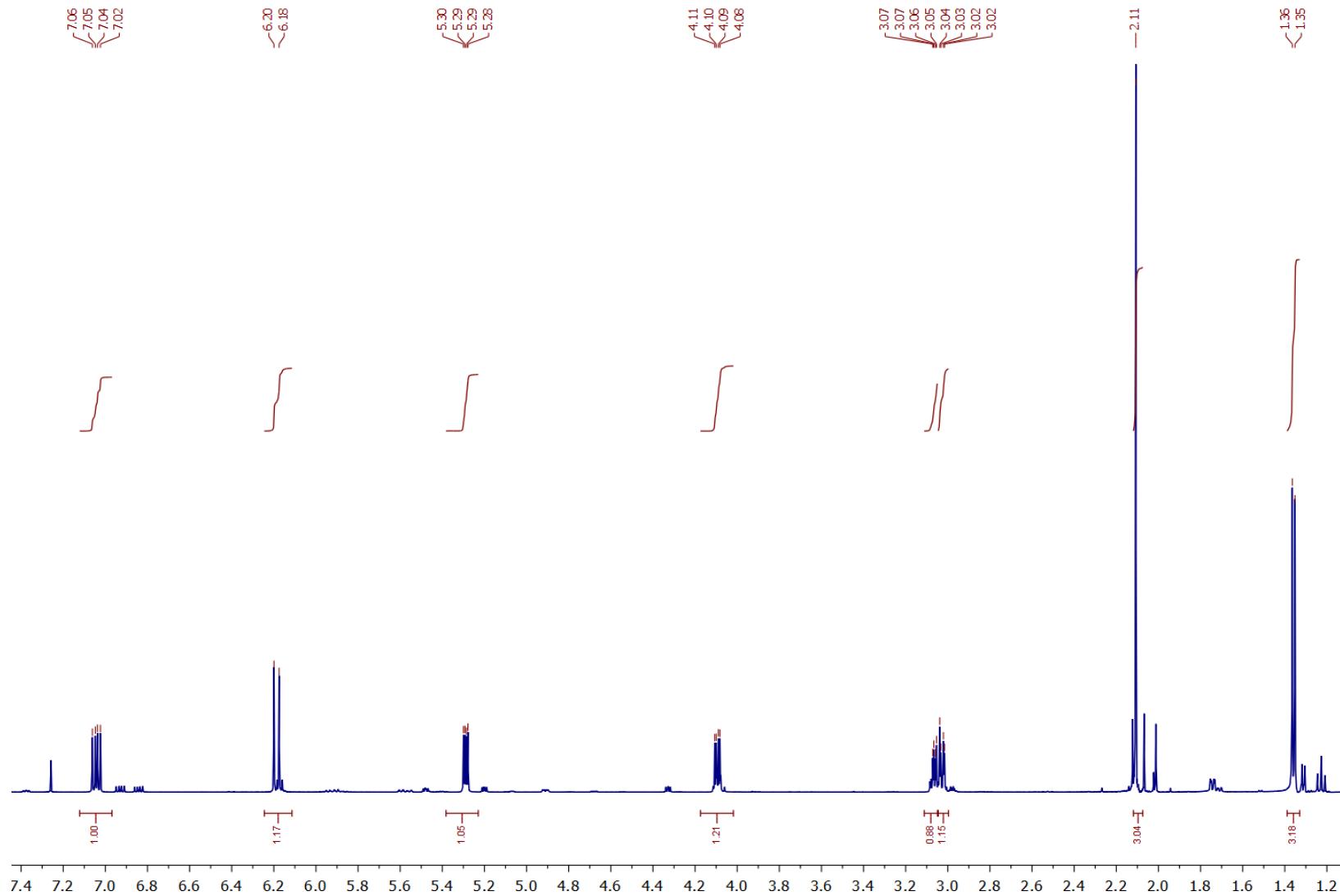
**Figure S8.**  $^1\text{H}$  NMR of (2Z,4Z,6E)-octa-2,4,6-trienoic acid (**1**) in  $\text{CDCl}_3$  (400 MHz).



**Figure S9.**  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR of (2Z,4Z,6E)-octa-2,4,6-trienoic acid (**1**) in  $\text{CDCl}_3$  (100 MHz).



**Figure S10.**  $^1\text{H}$  NMR of (+)-asperlin (**2**) in  $\text{CDCl}_3$  (400 MHz).



**Figure S11.**  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR of (+)-asperlin (**2**) in  $\text{CDCl}_3$  (100 MHz).

