

行政院國家科學委員會專題研究計畫 成果報告

新型 Morphine 前驅藥之製備及其製劑研究

計畫類別：個別型計畫

計畫編號：NSC92-2320-B-041-005-

執行期間：92年08月01日至93年07月31日

執行單位：嘉南藥理科技大學藥學系

計畫主持人：宋國峻

共同主持人：王志中

報告類型：完整報告

處理方式：本計畫涉及專利或其他智慧財產權，2年後可公開查詢

中華民國 93 年 11 月 3 日

行政院國家科學委員會補助專題研究計畫成果報告

新型 Morphine 前驅藥之製備及其製劑研究

計畫類別：個別型計畫

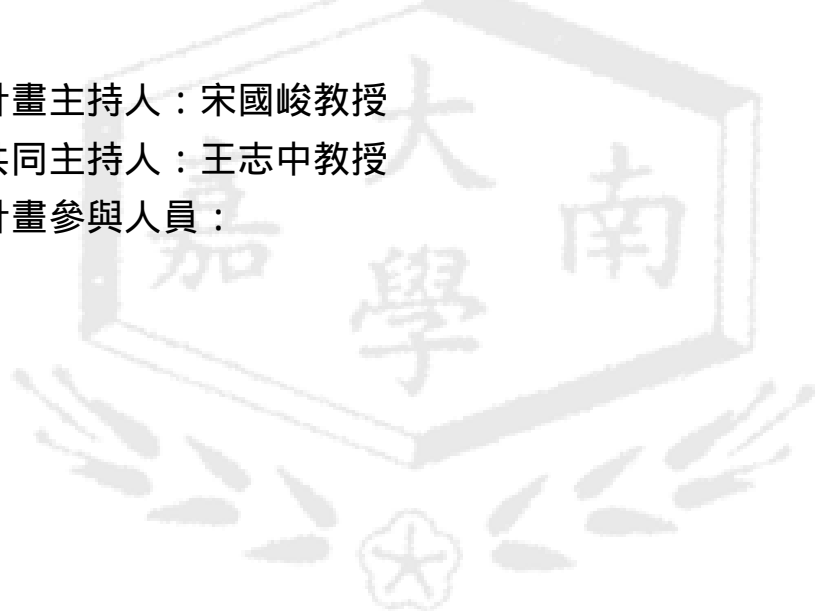
計畫編號：NSC 92-2320-B-041-005

執行期間：92 年 8 月 01 日至 93 年 07 月 31 日

計畫主持人：宋國峻教授

共同主持人：王志中教授

計畫參與人員：



本成果報告包括以下應繳交之附件：

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出席國際學術會議心得報告及發表之論文各一份

國際合作研究計畫國外研究報告書一份

執行單位：嘉南藥理科技大學藥學系

中華民國 93 年 10 月 31 日

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主持人：宋國峻 嘉南藥理科技大學藥學系

Abstract

The focus of the project is the synthesis and characterization of novel morphine prodrugs. The series of prodrugs synthesized are morphine propionate, morphine pivalate, morphine enanthate and morphine decanoate. Their structure characteristics as well as physicochemical properties are characterized.

Introduction

Nalbuphine (NA) is a narcotic analgesic used in the treatment of both acute and chronic pain. In order to maintain the blood morphine concentration and to improve the patient compliance and therapeutic effectiveness in pain management, the prodrug approach can be utilized.

The major purpose of this project is to prepare a series of novel morphine prodrugs. The preparation of new morphine prodrugs and deliver them via adequate dosage forms may help to maintain the blood morphine concentration so that the therapeutic efficacy and patient compliance may be

improved. This project is a continued effort of previous NSC project in exploring the appropriate medication for pain management. The obtained information from this study may contribute to the design of new narcotic analgesics and their formulations.

Materials and methods

Preparation of prodrugs

Ten grams of morphine HCl was added in 300 mL of flask. Added 141 mL of Dichloromethane into the flask under Ar gas. Add 8.62 mL of TEA into the flask and then stir continuously. Slowly dropped approximately 7 mL of acid chloride and stir continuously for overnight. The acyl chlorides added were propionyl chloride, valeryl chloride, heptanoyl chloride and decanoyl chloride in order to prepare morphine propionate, morphine valerate, morphine enanthate and morphine decanoate, respectively.

Purification

First to dry the DCM using rotorvapor, then added appropriate amount of ethylacetate

into the separation funnel. Use 5% of NaHCO₃ to wash two to three times and then wash with MilliQ water for two to three times, collect the organic layer. Use rotorvapor to dry the ethyl acetate. The resultant compound was then added into silica gel column and for further purification. The solvent system for eluting the prodrugs including NH₄OH, methanol and dichloromethane. The eluting solution was then dried with vacuum pump.

Identification

The various prodrugs were identified with IR, UV as well as Mass spectrascopy. The results are shown in the various Figures in the following section.

HPLC analysis

The chromatographic system consisted of a pump (HITACHI 655-A40), an autosampler (HITACHI L6000), a UV detector (HITACHI L4000) and an integrator (HITACHI D2500). A reverse phase silica column (Lichrospher RP-18, 3.9mm*250mm, 10µm, Merck) was utilized for drug separation, while an acetonitrile-pH 2.2 phosphate buffer system was used as the mobile phase. The flow rate and UV wavelength were 1 ml/min and 212 nm, respectively. The detailed chromatographic condition can be referred to the following result section.

Results and discussion

Figure 1 to Figure 12 show the IR, UV and Mass spectroscopy for the morphine

propionate, morphine valerate, morphine enanthate and morphine decanoate, respectively. The results indicate that those synthetic steps and purification condition are appropriate for the preparation of morphine prodrugs. The physiochemical properties of those prodrugs are shown in Table 1.

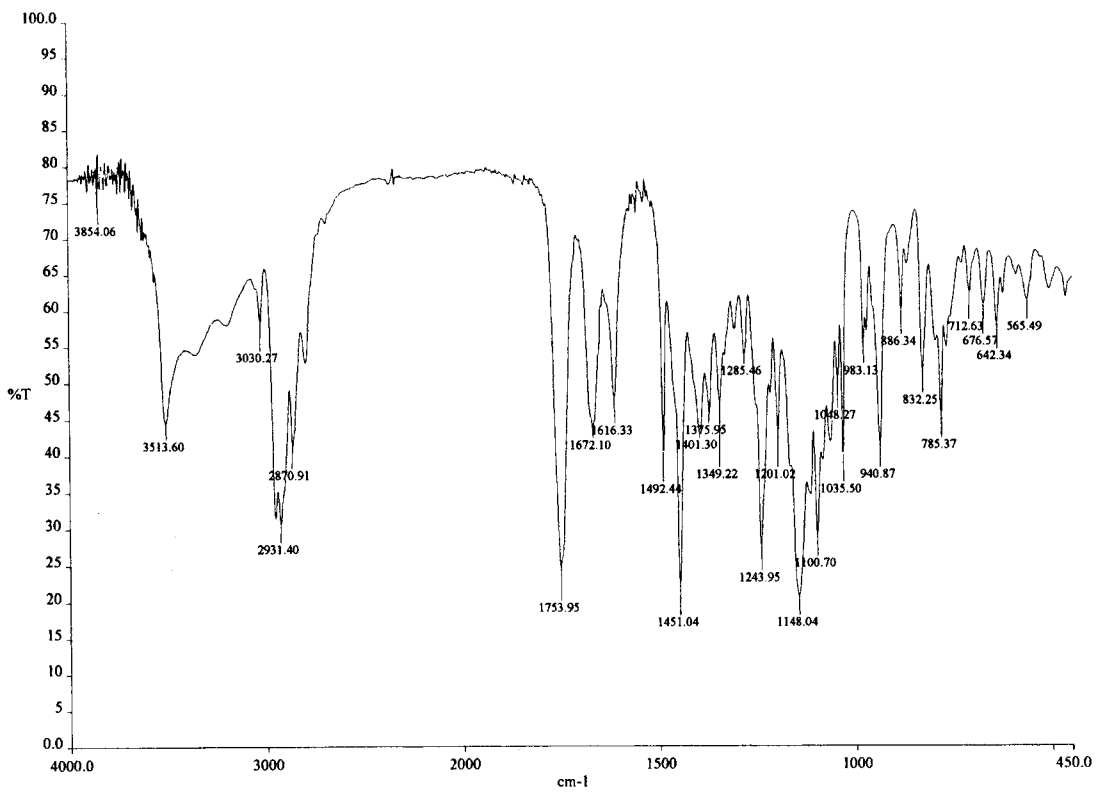
Figure 13 to Figure 17 show the HPLC condition as well as HPLC chromatograms of morphine and morphine prodrugs. The results clearly demonstrate that those chromatographic conditions can be utilized for further studies.

References

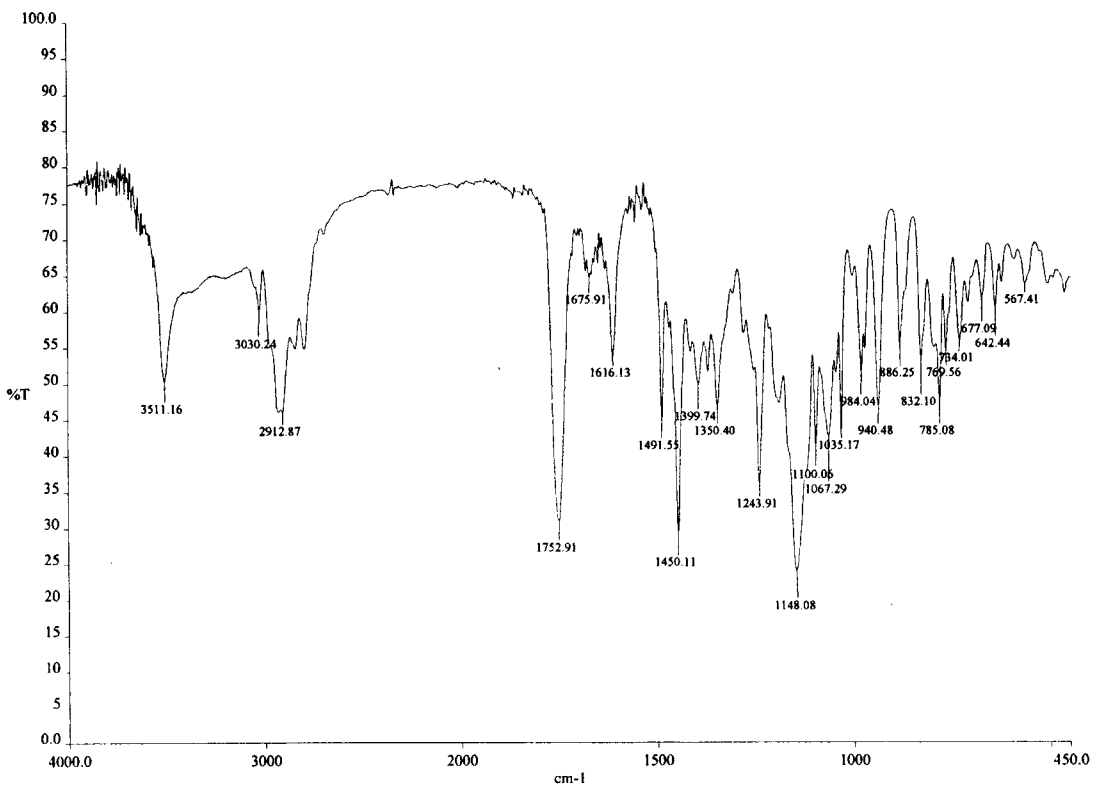
1. Banga, A.K., Bose, S., Ghosh, T.K. (1999). *Int. J. Pharm.* **179**: 1-19
2. S.T. Ho et al., *J. Chromatogr. B*, 678(1996)289-296.
3. R. C. Etches et al., *Anesthesiology*, 75(1991) 9-14.
4. Tyle, P. (1986) *Pharm. Res.* **3**: 318-326

Assessment of progress

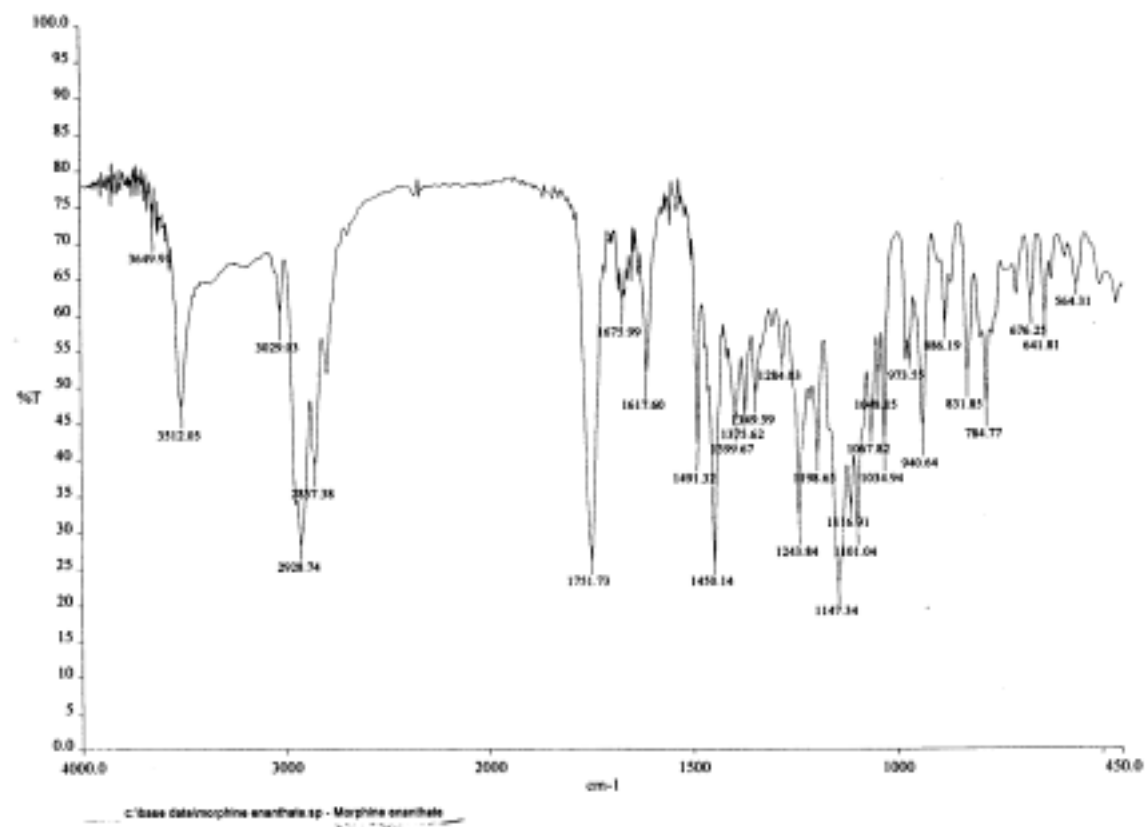
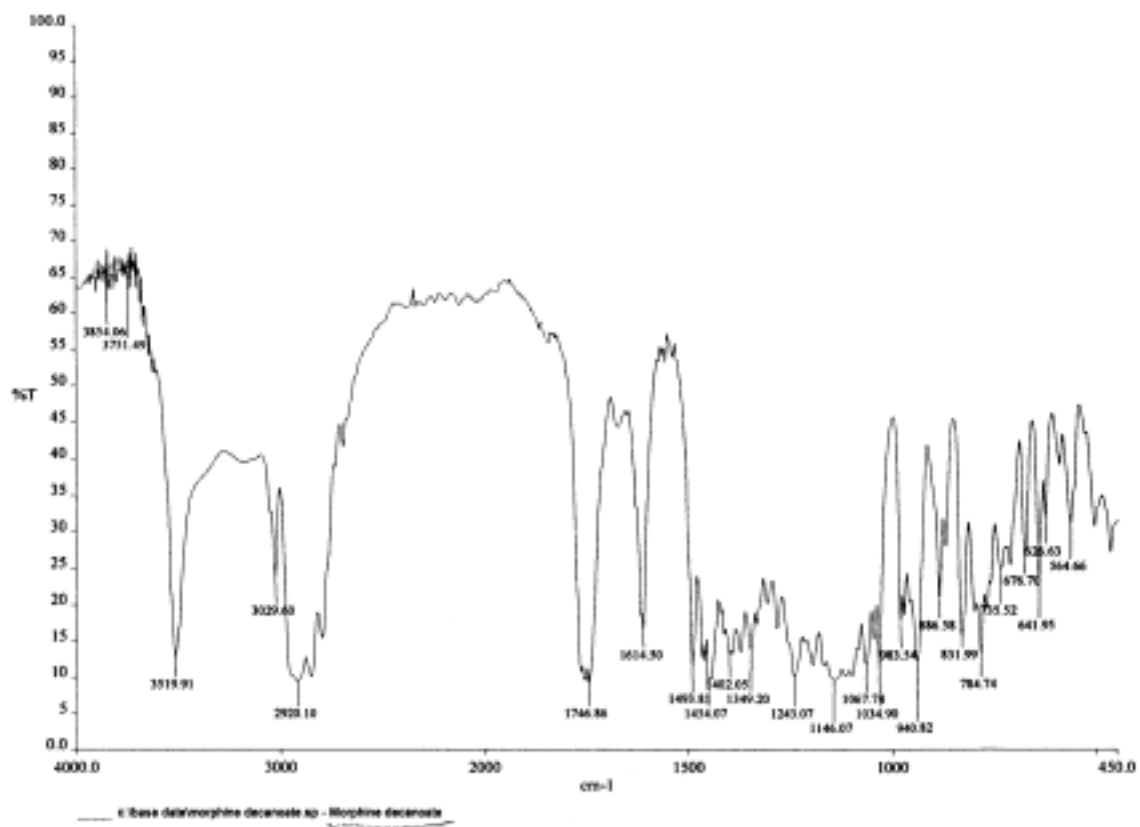
The results indicate that four prodrugs have been successfully developed. The focus of next year will be the development and evaluation of morphine-prodrug based formulations.



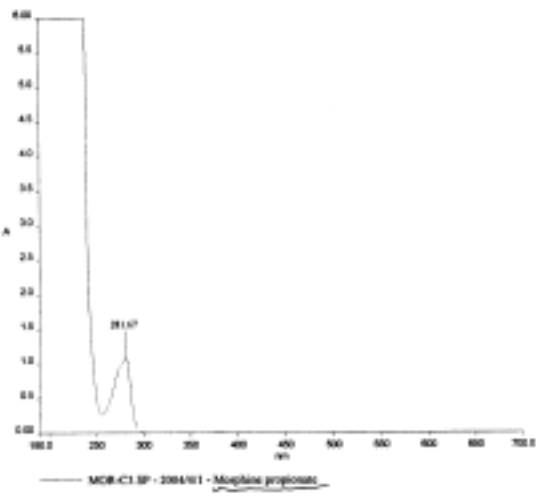
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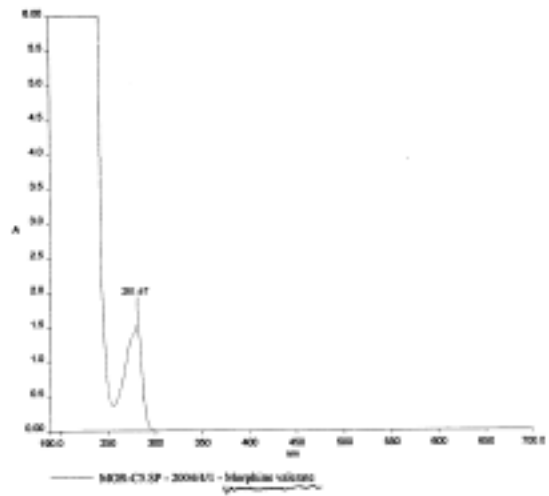
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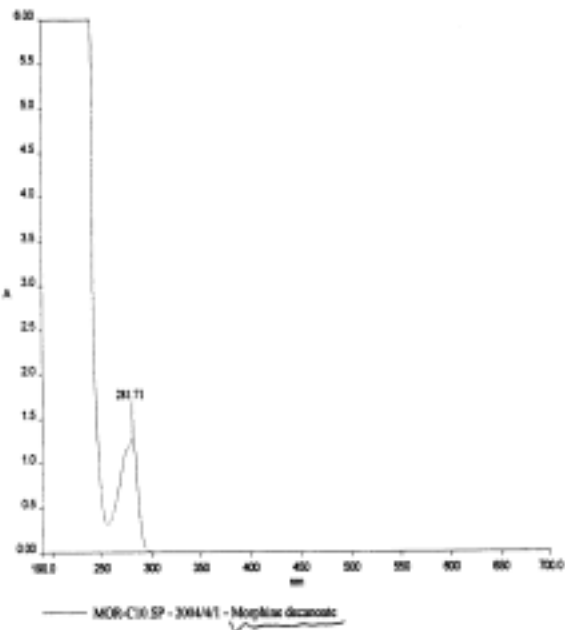
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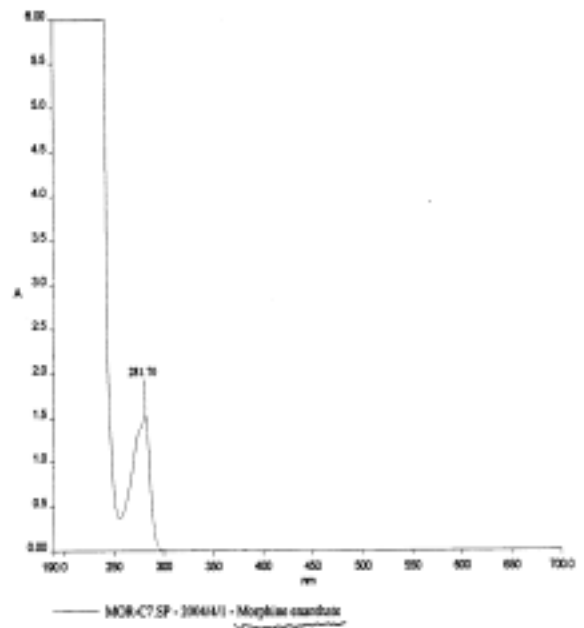
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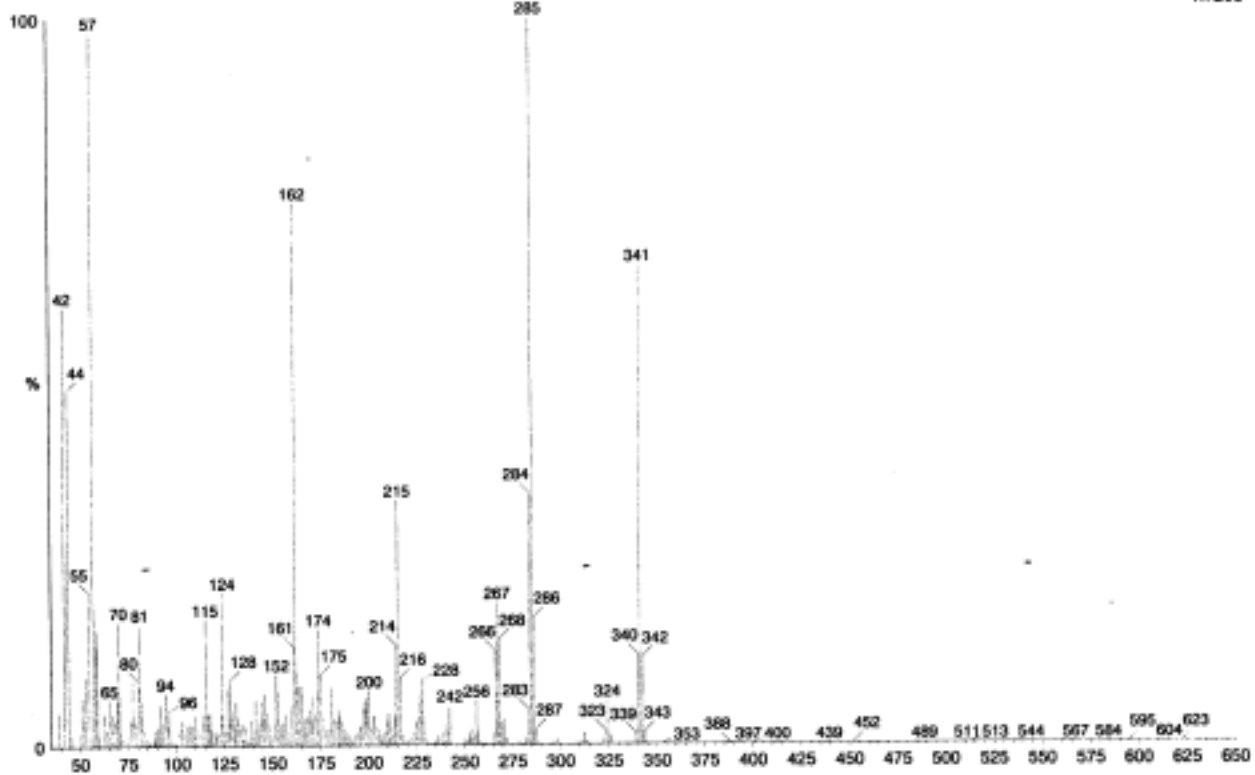


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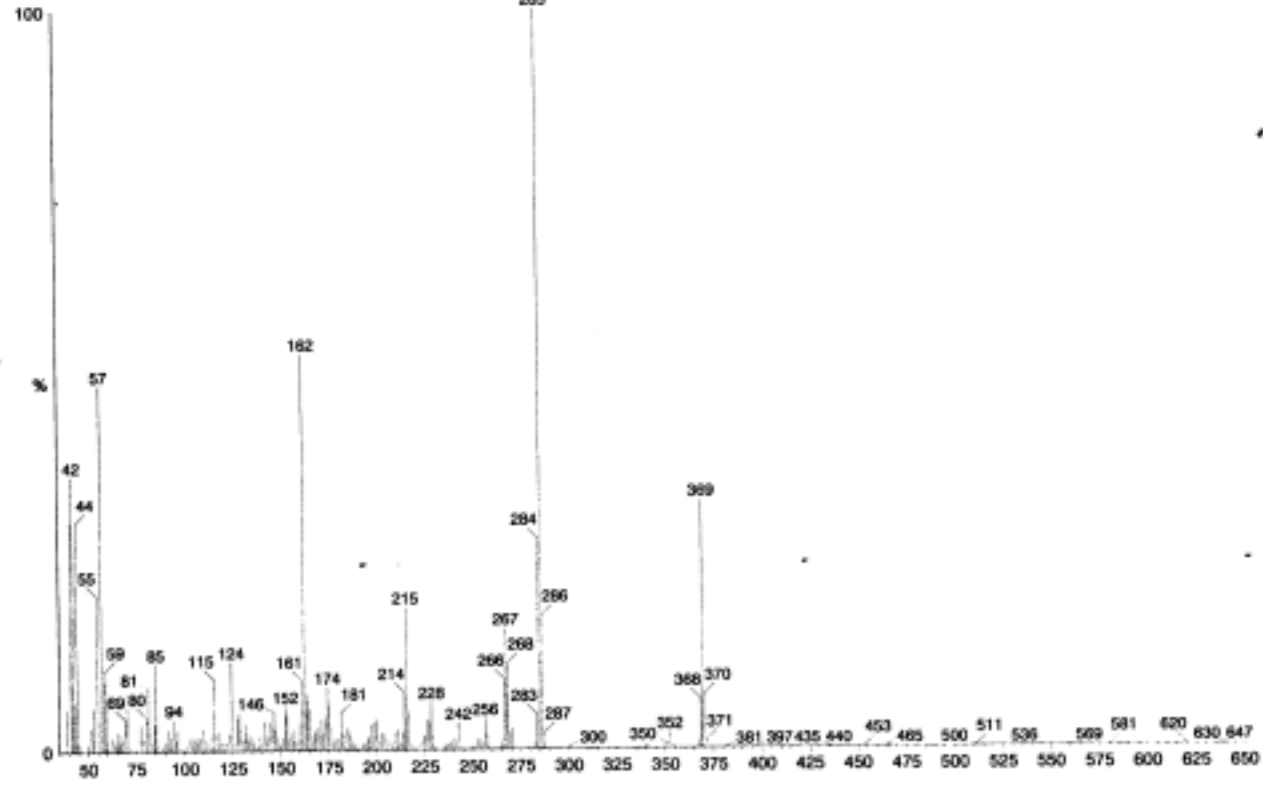
Morphine propionate
Morphine propionate 330 (8.050)

Scan EI+
1.72e6



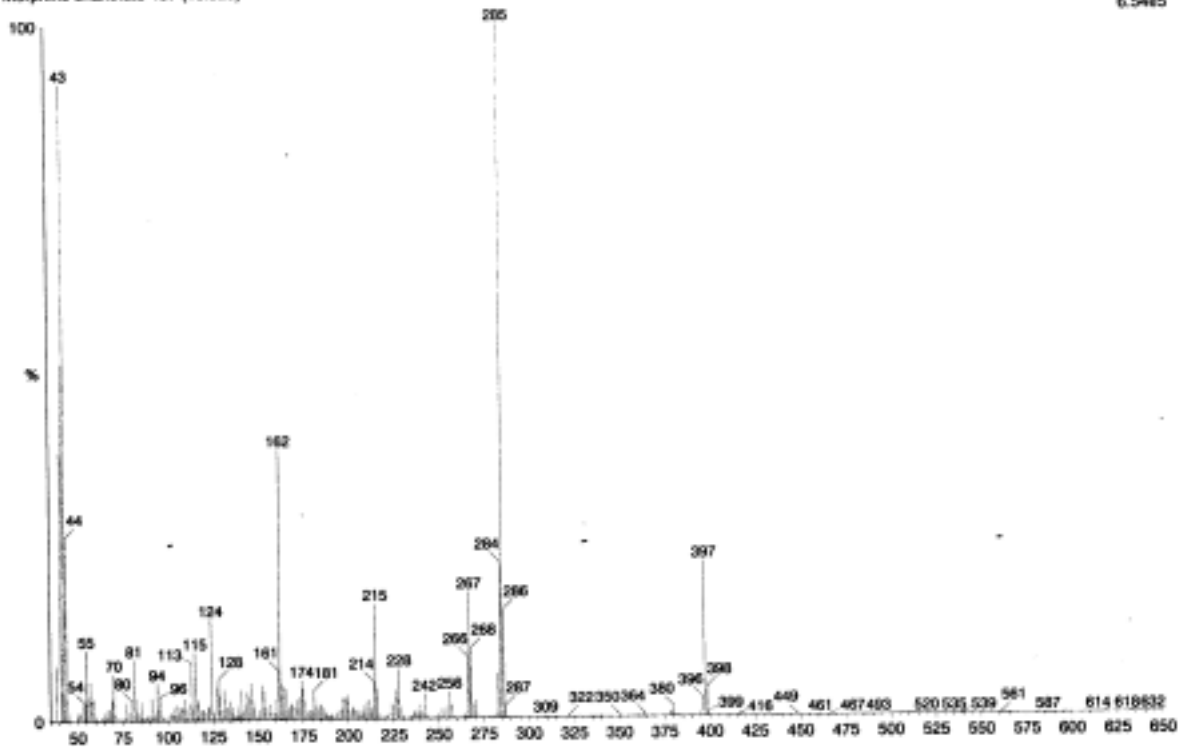
Morphine valerate
Morphine valerate 404 (9.407)

Scan EI+
2.05e6



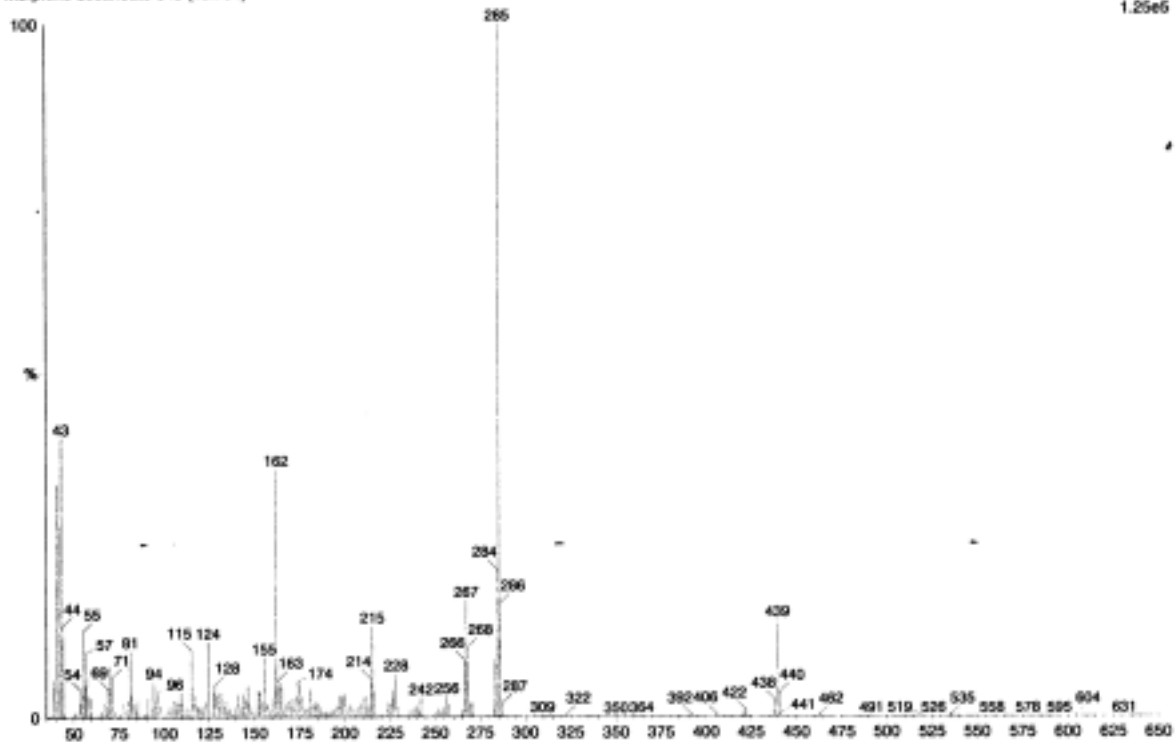
Morphine enanthate
Morphine enanthate 487 (10.929)

Scan EI+
6.54e5



Morphine decanoate
Morphine decanoate 640 (13.734)

Scan EI+
1.25e6



Morphine & Morphine prodrug HPLC

- Morphine

column type: Merck ; Lichrospher RP-18 (25cm long)

mobile phase: Acetonitrile / 20 mM phosphate buffer pH 2.2 (contain 1 mM SDS)
=35 / 65

UV wavelength: 212nm

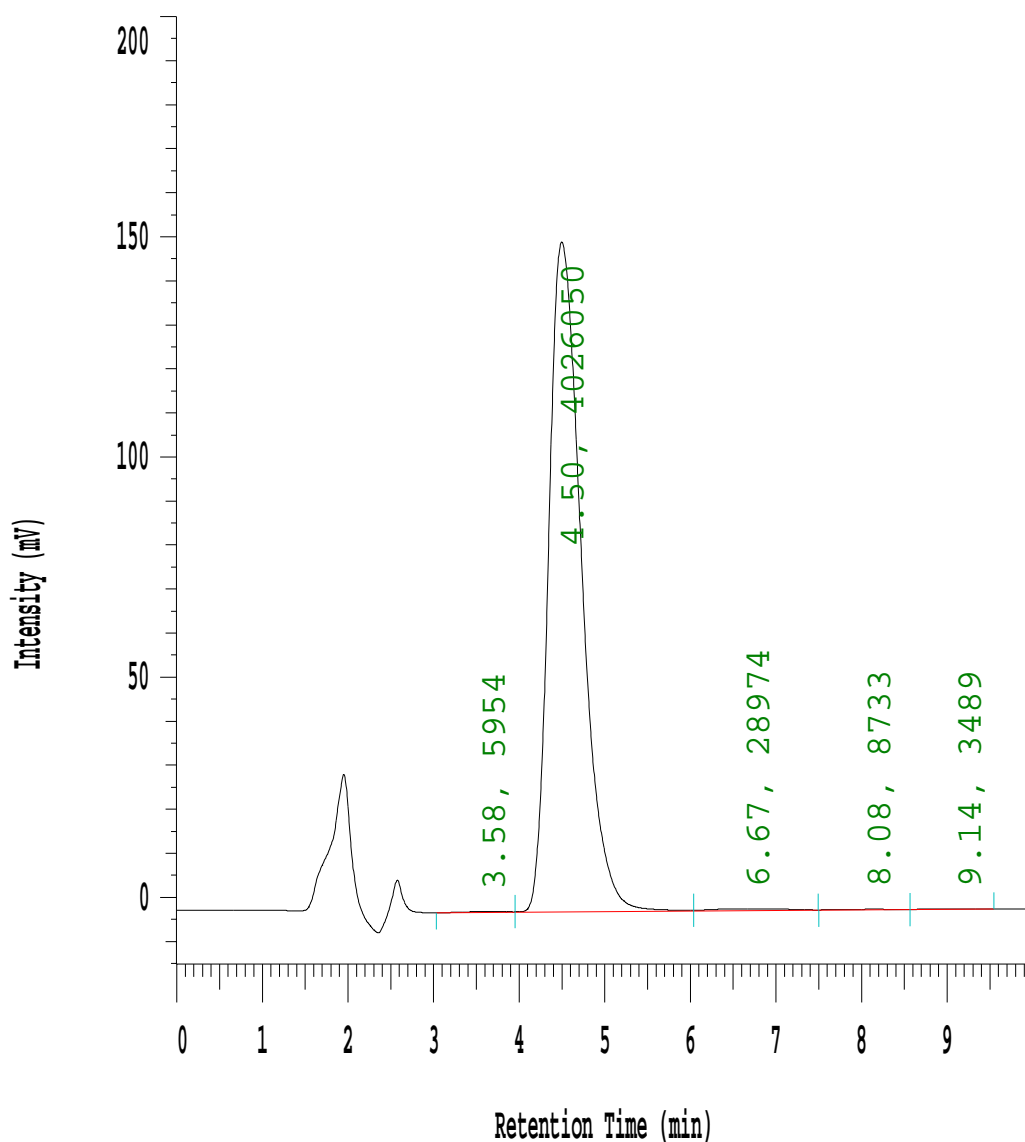
flow rate: 1ml/min

stock so'ln: 1mg/ml

soluble solvent: methanol

injection conc.: 100ug/ml

retention time: 4.5min ; **AUC:** 4026050



● Morphine propionate

column type: Merck ; Lichrospher RP-18 (25cm long)

mobile phase: Acetonitrile / 20 mM phosphate buffer pH 2.2 (contain 1 mM SDS)
=35 / 65

UV wavelength: 212nm

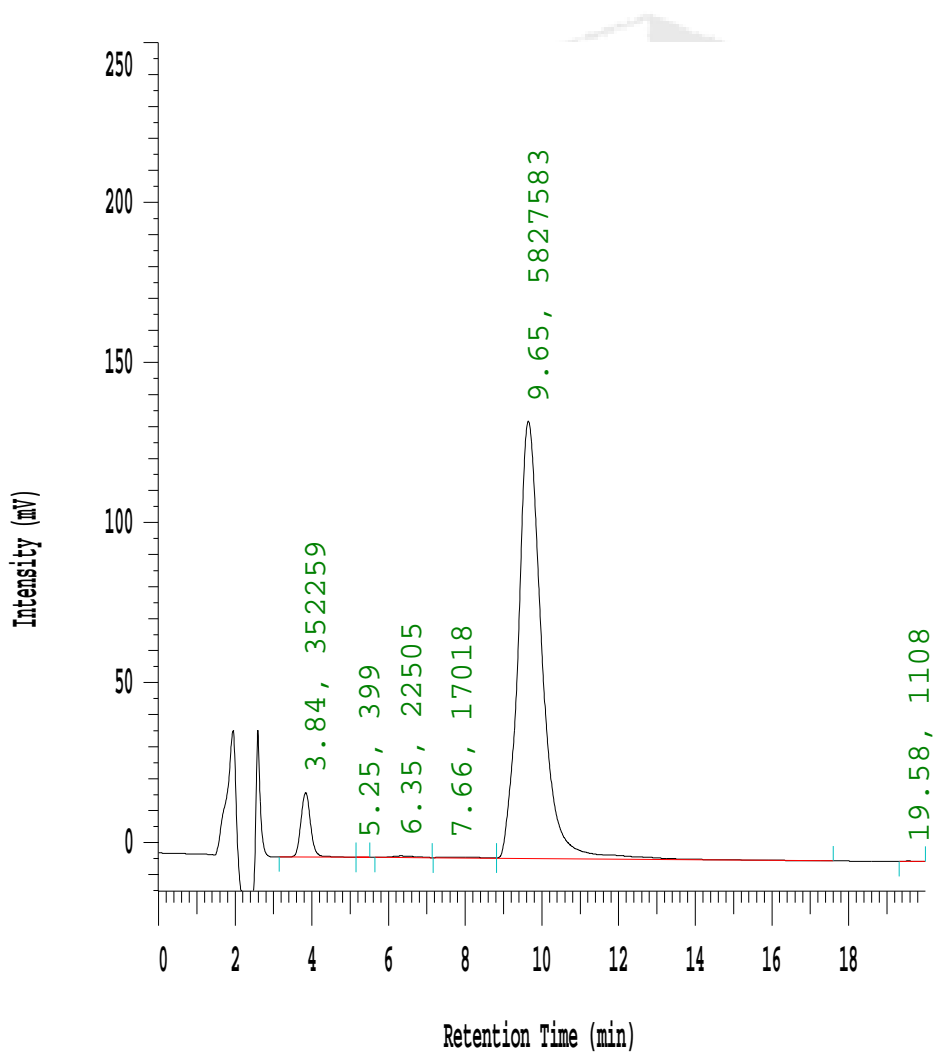
flow rate: 1ml/min

stock so'ln: 1mg/ml

soluble solvent: methanol

injection conc.: 100ug/ml

retention time: 9.65min ; AUC: 5827583



● Morphine valerate

column type: Merck ; Lichrospher RP-18 (25cm long)

mobile phase: Acetonitrile / 20 mM phosphate buffer pH 2.2 (contain 1 mM SDS)
=35 / 65

UV wavelength: 212nm

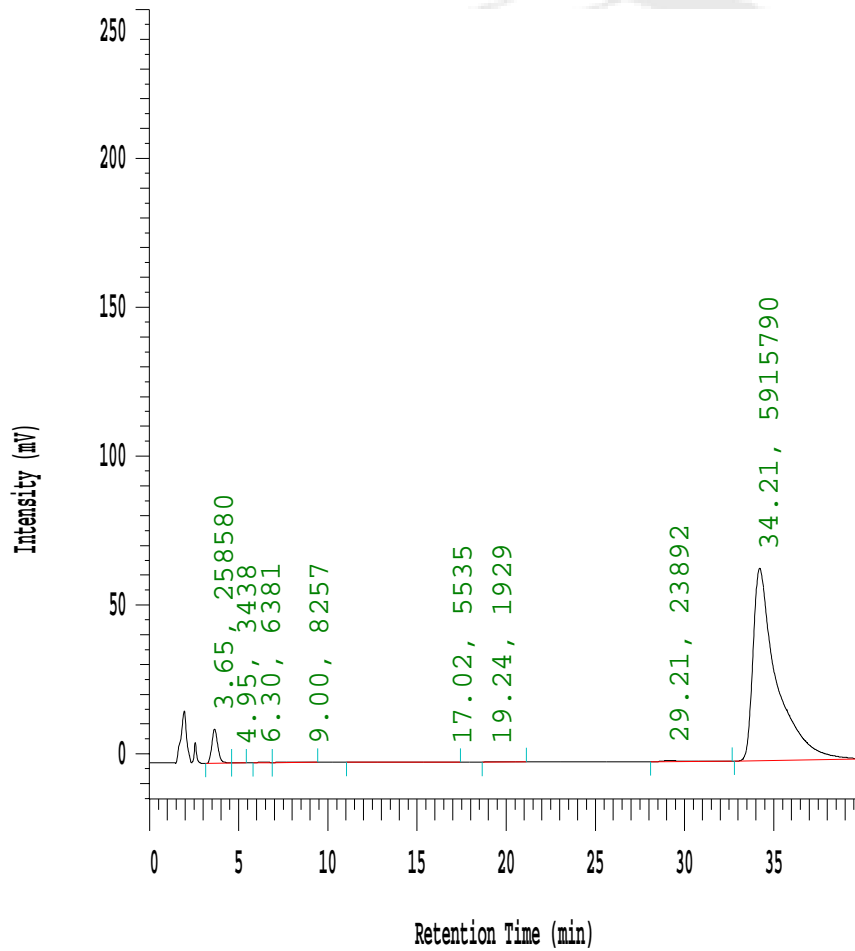
flow rate: 1ml/min

stock so'ln: 1mg/ml

soluble solvent: methanol

injection conc.: 100ug/ml

retention time: 34.21 ; **AUC:** 5915790



● Morphine enanthate

column type: Merck ; Lichrospher RP-18 (25cm long)

mobile phase: Acetonitrile / 20 mM phosphate buffer pH 2.2 (contain 1 mM SDS)
=55 / 45

UV wavelength: 212nm

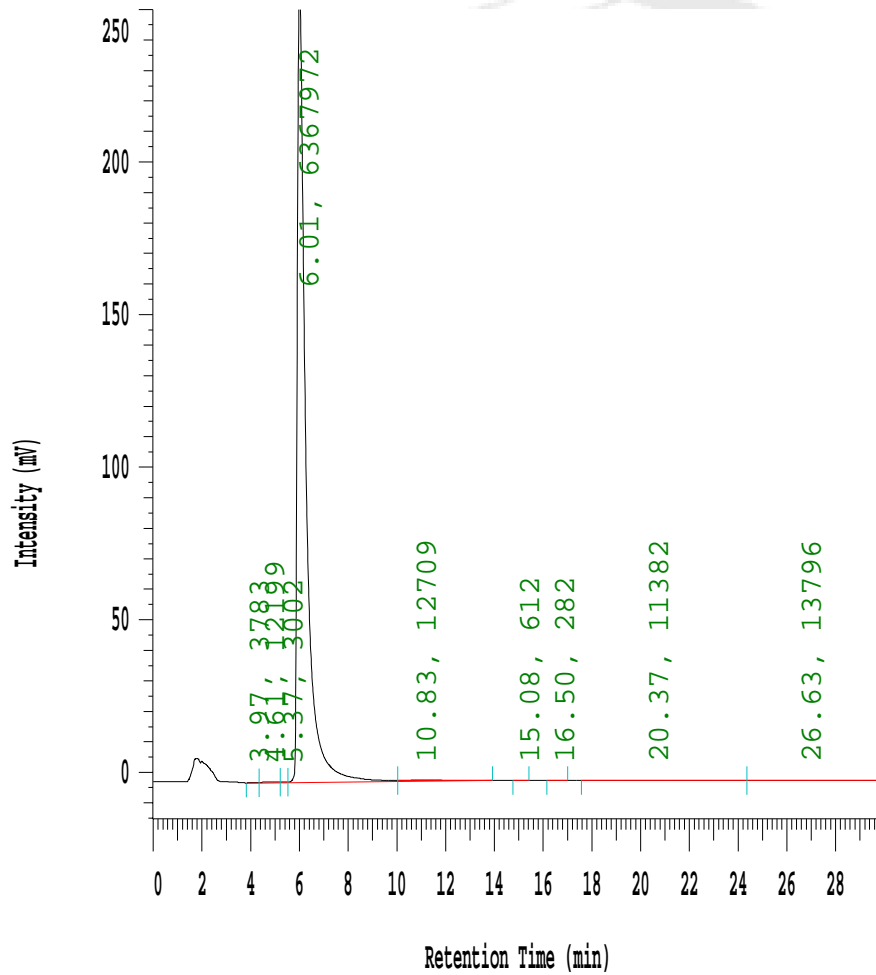
flow rate: 1ml/min

stock so'ln: 1mg/ml

soluble solvent: methanol

injection conc.: 100ug/ml

retention time: 6.01 ; **AUC:** 6367972



● Morphine decanoate

column type: Merck ; Lichrospher RP-18 (25cm long)

mobile phase: Acetonitrile / 20 mM phosphate buffer pH 2.2 (contain 1 mM SDS)
=55 / 45

UV wavelength: 212nm

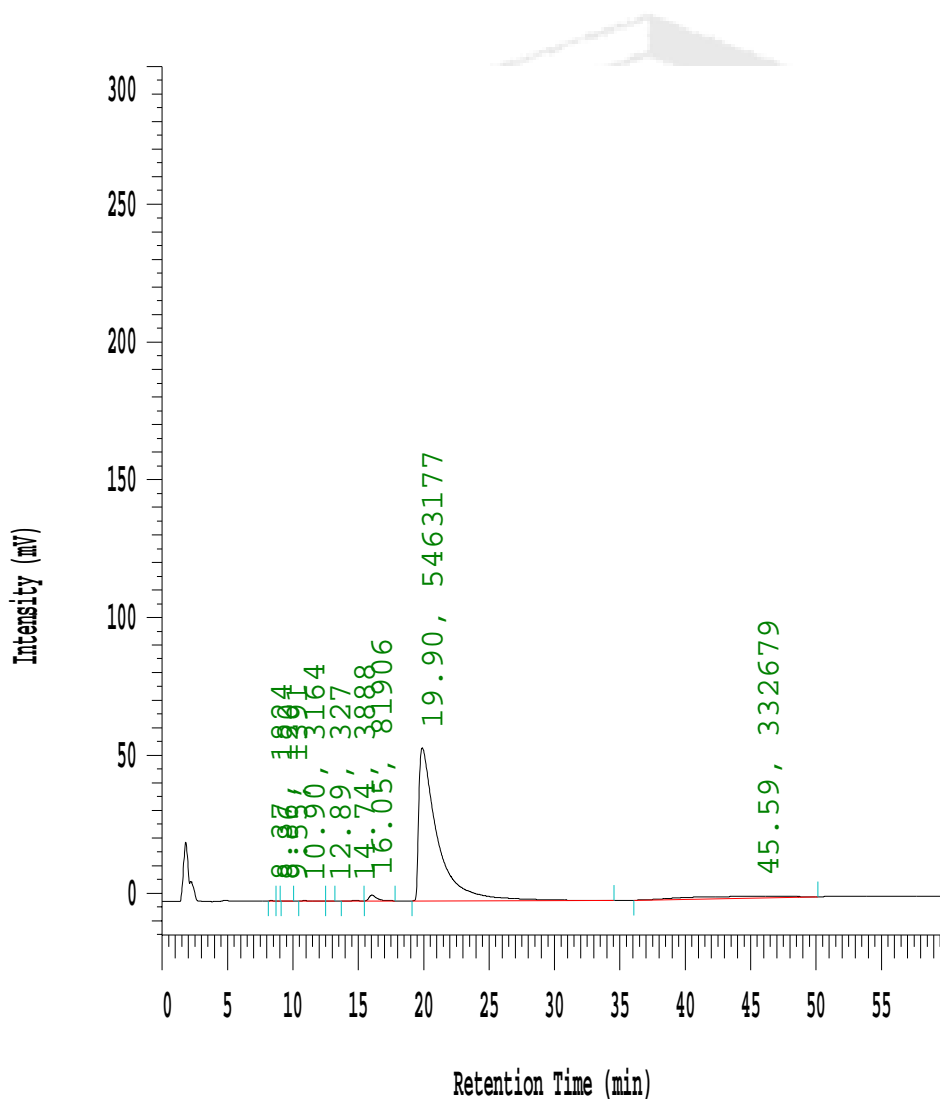
flow rate: 1ml/min

stock so'ln: 1mg/ml

soluble solvent: methanol

injection conc.: 100ug/ml

retention time:19.90 ; AUC:5463177



- Morphine+Morphine propionate+Morphine valerate

column type: Merck ; Lichrospher RP-18 (25cm long)

mobile phase: Acetonitrile / 20 mM phosphate buffer pH 2.2 (contain 1 mM SDS)
=35 / 65

UV wavelength: 212nm

flow rate: 1ml/min

stock so'ln: 1mg/ml

soluble solvent: methanol

injection conc.: 100ug/ml

morphine: 3.92, 1571148

morphine propionate: 9.70 , 1901370

morphine valerate :41.81,1783689

