原住民部落生態旅遊遊客行爲模式之研究-以達娜伊谷生態園區

及司馬庫斯生熊村爲例

畫建豐 <sup>1</sup>

李宗鴻2

雲林科技大學休閒運動研究所

雲林科技大學休閒運動研究所

摘要

本研究以達娜伊谷生熊園區及司馬庫斯爲例,建構遊客之生熊旅遊行爲模式。分別

於 2007 年 5 月 26、27 日及 7 月 7、8、14、21、22 日在嘉義縣達娜伊谷生熊園區,及 9

月2、9日及10月21日在新竹縣的司馬庫斯,採等距抽樣的方式,進行問卷調查,共

得有效問卷 621 份。利用 LISREL 8.52 進行驗證性因素分析及結構方程模式的實證研

究。實證研究結果顯示,原住民生態旅游目的地之吸引力顯著的直接影響遊憩體驗,間

接影響滿意度,間接影響遊後行爲。旅遊動機顯著的直接影響遊憩體驗,間接影響滿意

度,間接影響游後行爲。游憩體驗顯著的直接滿意度,間接影響游後行爲。滿意度顯著

的直接影響遊後行爲。遊憩體驗及滿意度在本生態旅遊行爲模式中具有顯著的中介效

應。

**關鍵字**:行為模式、生態旅遊、達娜伊谷、司馬庫斯

Behavior Model of Ecotourism: Examples of Danayigu and

Sihmakusih

Chien Feng HUANG<sup>1</sup> Tsung Hung LEE<sup>2</sup>

**ABSTRACT** 

13

This study assessed the behavioral model of ecotourism at Danayigu and Sihmakusih. The questionnaire survey was performed on 26, 27 May, and 7, 8, 14, 21, 22 July at Danayigu, and on 2, 9 September and 21 October at Sihmakusih. A total of 621 valid questionnaires were collected via a systematic sampling method. The confirmatory factor analysis and structural equation modeling analysis were analyzed using LISREL 8.52 for windows. Empirical results indicated that destination attraction significantly affected the recreational experiences directly and affected the satisfaction and after-travel behavior indirectly. Tourist motivation significantly affected the recreational experiences directly and affected the satisfaction and after-travel behavior indirectly. Recreational experience significantly affected the satisfaction directly and affected after-travel behavior indirectly. Satisfaction significantly affected the after-travel behavior directly. Recreational experiences and satisfaction were significant mediating variables in this behavioral model.

Key word: Behavioral model, ecotourism, Danayigu, Sihmakusih